

Recreational Use of Water over Private Land



Lakebed Ownership

5. LAKES, PONDS, ETC. – Lakes embracing an area of less than *forty acres* will not be meandered.

Shallow lakes or bayous, likely in time to dry up or be greatly reduced by evaporation, drainage, or other cause, will not be meandered however extensive they may be, but such lakes should be described, and the facilities for drainage or prospect of becoming dry from natural causes stated.

(United States Surveying Manual, page 48)



Manual of United States Surbeping.

SYSTEM

Game, Fish & Parks

SOUTH DAKOTA

RECTANGULAR SURVEYING

EMPLOYED IN SUBDIVIDING THE

PUBLIC LANDS OF THE UNITED STATES;

ALSO

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBDIVIDING SECTIONS AND RESTORING LOST CORNERS OF THE PUBLIC LANDS.

Illustrated with Forms, Diagrams and Maps;

CONSTITUTING A

COMPLETE TEXT-BOOK OF GOVERNMENT SURVEYING.

FOR THE USE OF U. S. DEPUTY SURVEYORS, COUNTY SURVEYORS, AND ALL WHO CONTEMPLATE ENTERING THE PUBLIC SURVEYING SERVICE.

TO WHICH IS ADDED

AN APPENDIX

CONTAINING INFORMATION IN REGARD TO ENTERING, LOCATING,
PURCHASING AND SETTLING LANDS UNDER THE
VARIOUS LAND LAWS, ETC. ETC.

By J. H. HAWES,

LATE PRINCIPAL CLERK OF SURVEYS IN THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

PHILADELPHIA:

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.

1868.

South Dakota – 1889

Upon statehood, the title to the beds of all meandered lakes were vested with the state





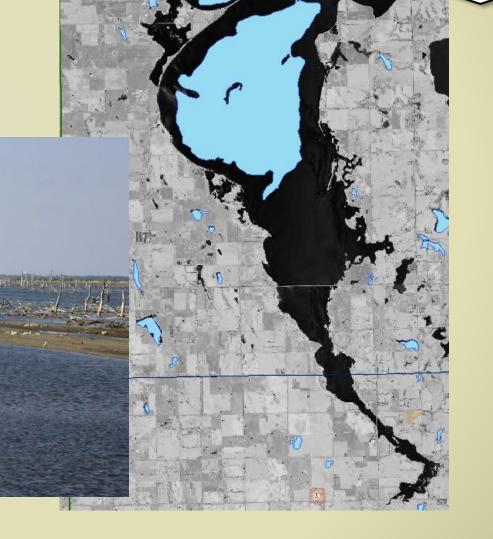
Lake Thompson Kingsbury County

1930's: completely dry

1987: 6,680 ac

2012: 18,175 ac

• Same as in 1856



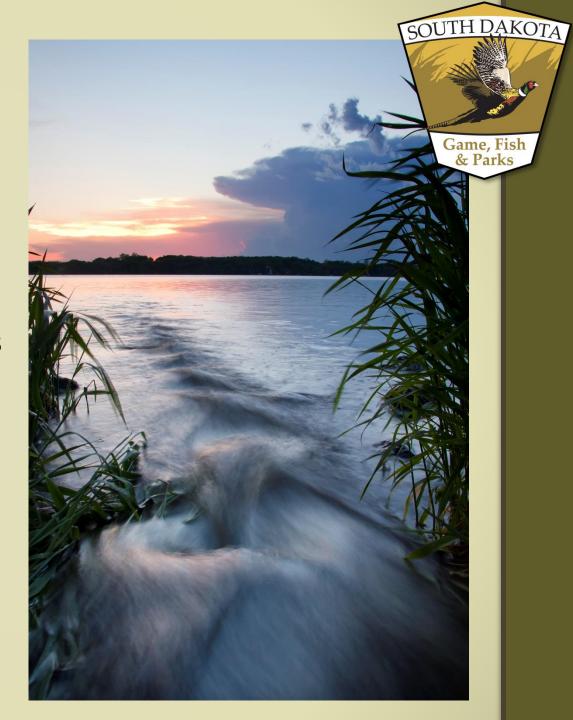
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Wet Cycle of the mid to late 1990s in NE South Dakota

- Lakes grew larger
- Marshes became lakes
- New ponds and wetlands formed in dry basins

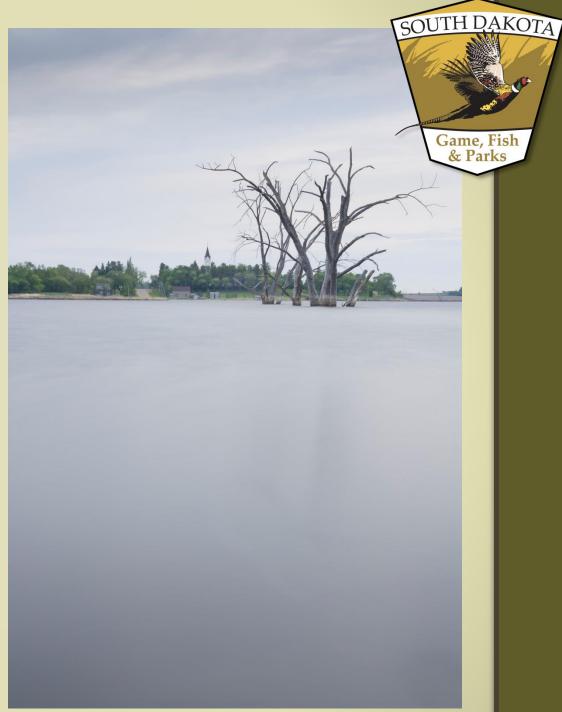
Cycle continued and water levels peaked in 2008-12

Moderate reductions in water levels in past 5 years



And the result of the rising water was...

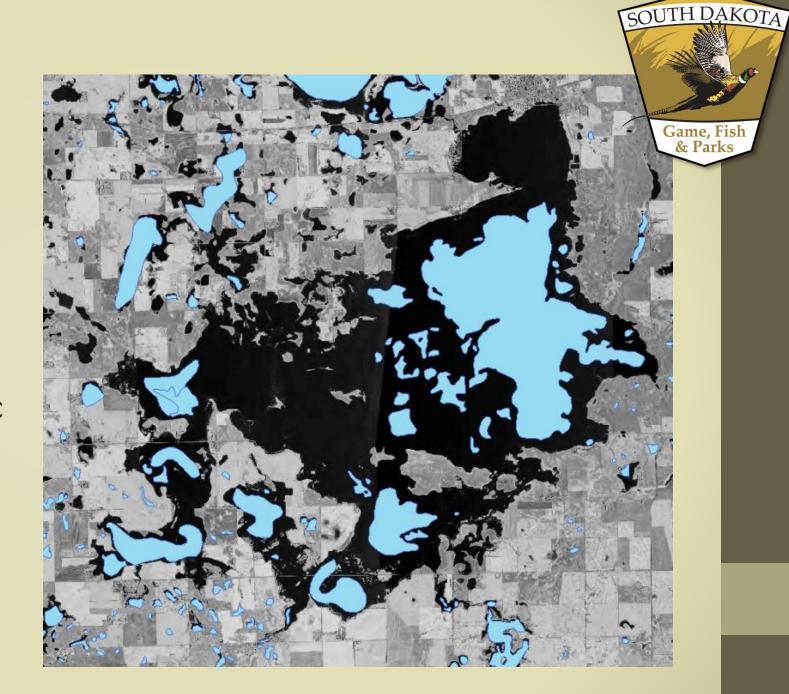


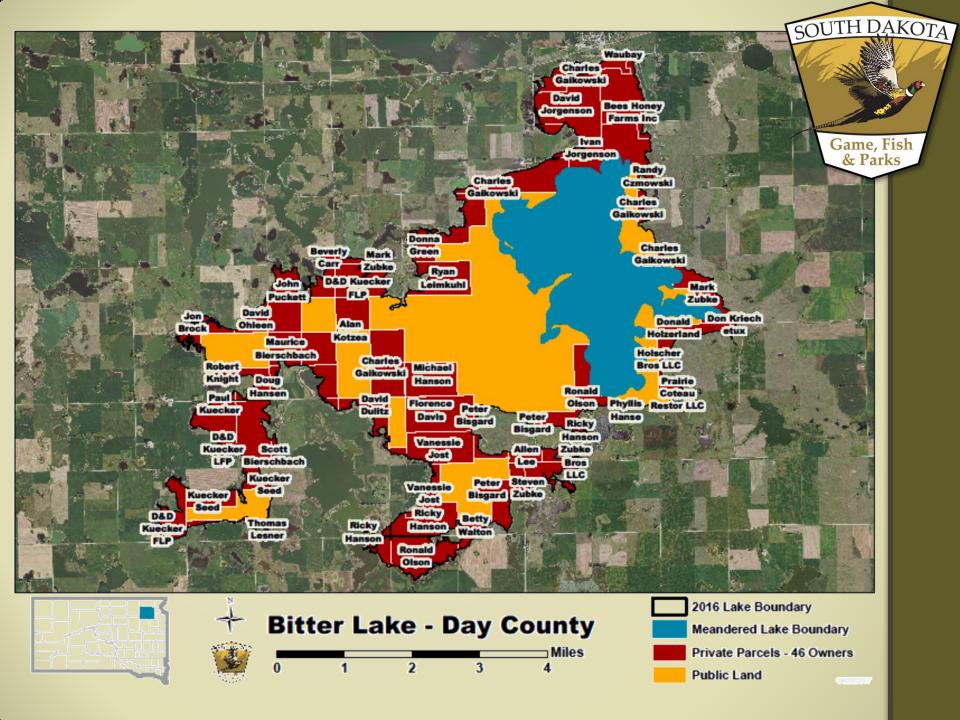


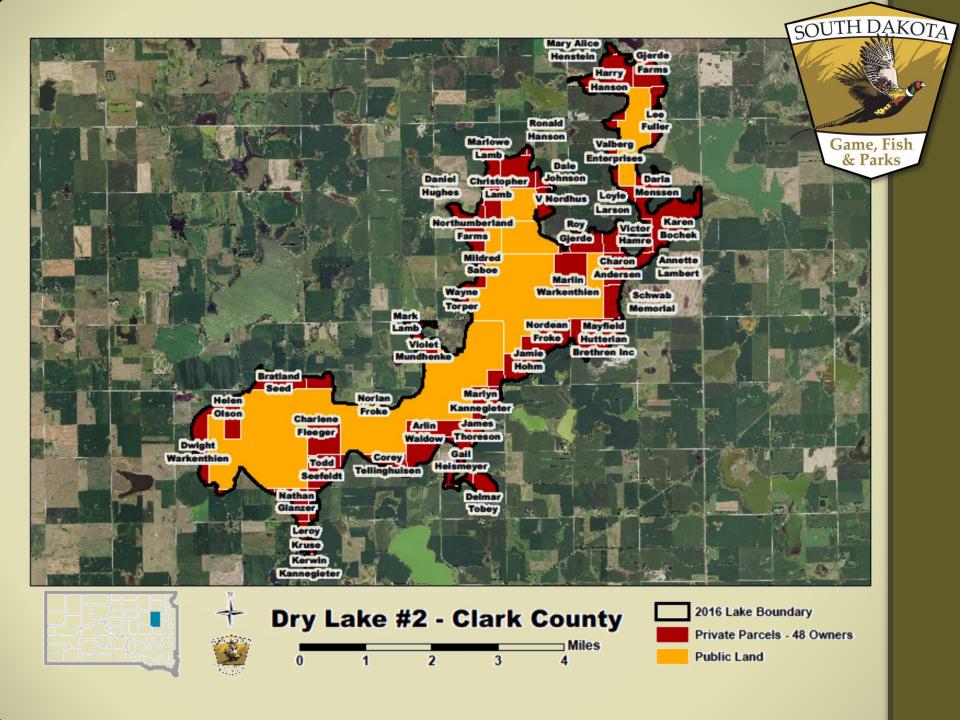
Bitter Lake

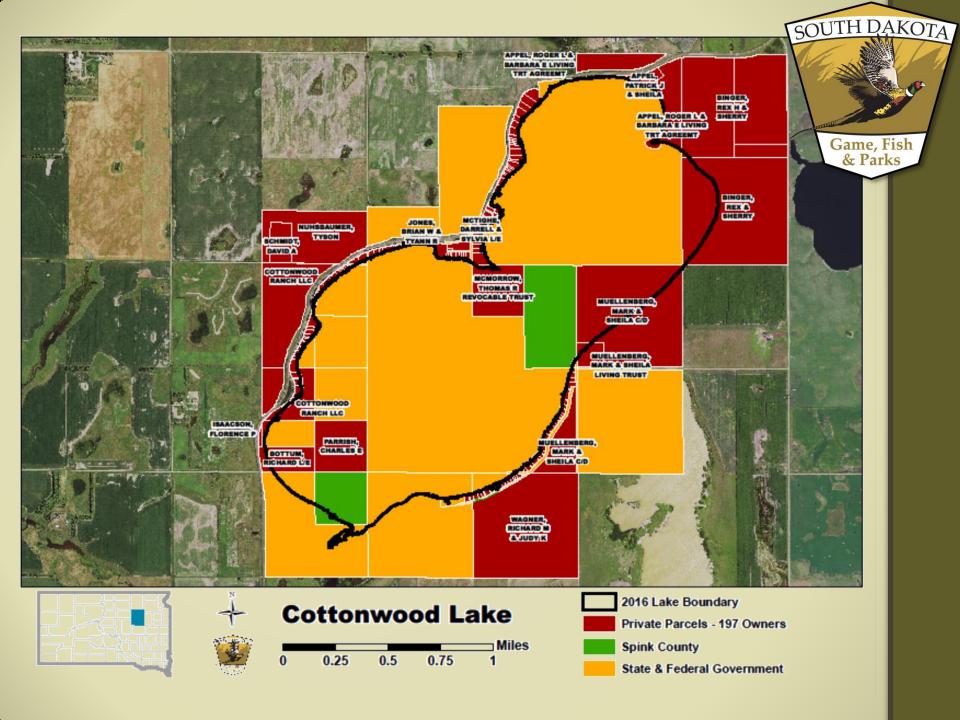
1991 3,500 ac

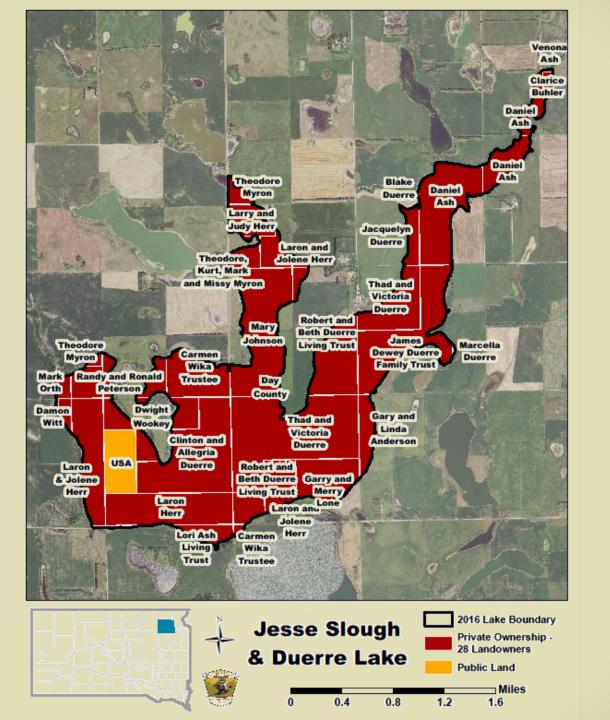
2012 18,000+ ac



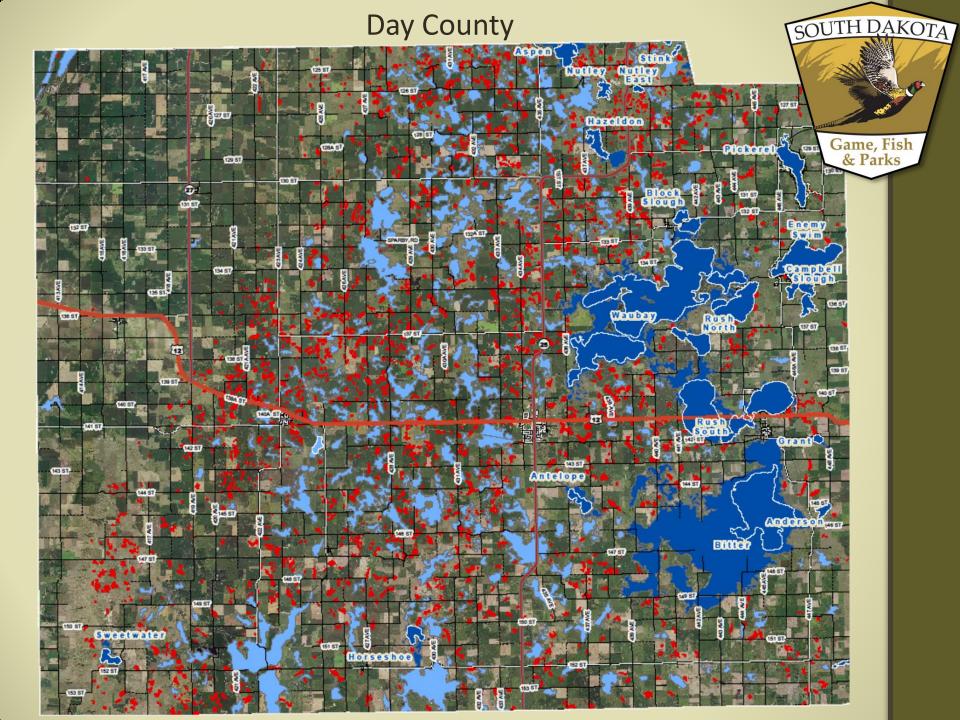






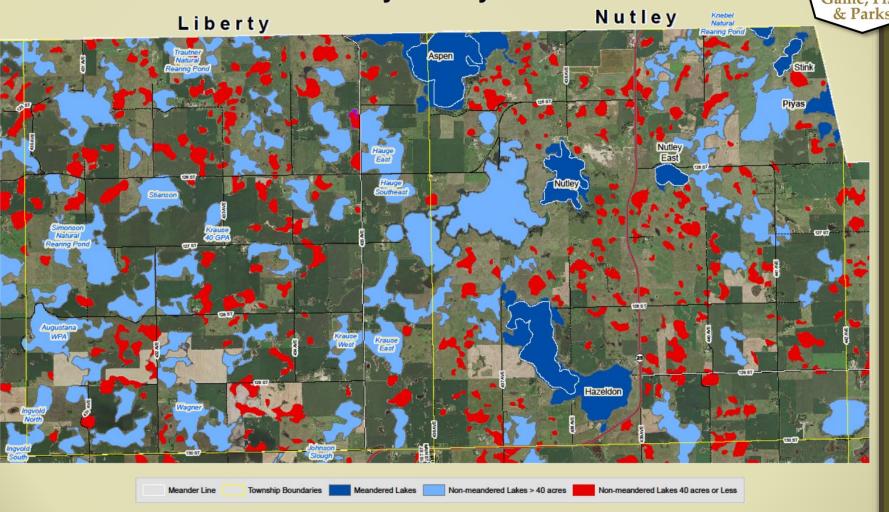






SOUTH DAKOTA Game, Fish & Parks

Day County



Fisheries developed and the anglers followed...



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Public and private lake accesses were developed...



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Parks v. Cooper 2004

Long Lake, Parks Slough and Schiley Slough

Court Holdings

- Landowners hold titles to lakebeds.
- 2. All water in SD belongs to the people in accord with the public trust doctrine.
- 3. Legislature has the obligation to determine the extent of the public's right to use nonmeandered bodies of water held in trust for the public.



2005: HB 1059

 Authorized the Water Management Board to establish a list of nonmeandered lakes that would be open to public recreation.

- Initial list of non-meandered lakes would be open to public recreation if:
 - 1. The lake has a history of recreational use by the public; and
 - 2. The lake has been developed for public use by:
 - a) construction of public boat docks, boat ramps, picnic areas, or campgrounds;
 - b) active state or federal management of a recreational use; or
 - c) state or federal ownership of a portion or all of the lakebed.





Legislation after Parks v. Cooper 2005: HB 1059 (continued)

 Non-meandered lakes could be added to or deleted from to the list of lakes open to public recreation by petition by a person or agency.

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- The Water Management Board may establish recreation as a beneficial use for any natural non-meandered lake if the following criteria are met:
 - 1. The lake is capable of supporting recreational use;
 - 2. Establishing recreational use will not impair water rights; and
 - 3. Establishing recreational use for the non-meandered lake is in the public interest.



2006: HB 1096

Non-meandered lakes would be open to for pubic recreation if:

The natural non-meandered lake is contiguous with a meandered waterbody.

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- 2. The natural non-meandered lake has a well-established bed and shoreline that historically have been capable of holding various levels of water; the area of the lake is twenty-five acres or larger; lawful public access to the lake exists via publicly-owned land or a public right-of-way or section line; public recreational use benefits exist such as boating, swimming, trapping, fishing, or hunting.
- Sought to establish a list of non-meandered waters open to public access.



2013: HB 1135

 Water over private land would be open to recreational use by the public except any portion a non-meandered lake is posted as closed to public recreation by the owner of the land under the water.

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- Posted waters could be used by members of the public with permission from the landowner.
- No water could be posted as closed to the public when recreational access by the public has been established and continuous for a period of at least 21 years.



2014: SB 169

- The public is granted restricted recreational access to water over private land if the public could legally access the water and:
 - 1. the water is contiguous/connected to a meandered waterbody; or
 - 2. a non-meandered waterbody has a surface area of at least 40 acres; or

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- 3. a non-meandered waterbody has a surface area of less than 40 acres and was not posted as closed to public access.
- Public access to non-meandered waters does not include an allowance for a person to stand, walk or wade on private land under the water.
- Public access to non-meandered waterbodies for hunting (except waterfowl) and trapping is prohibited.



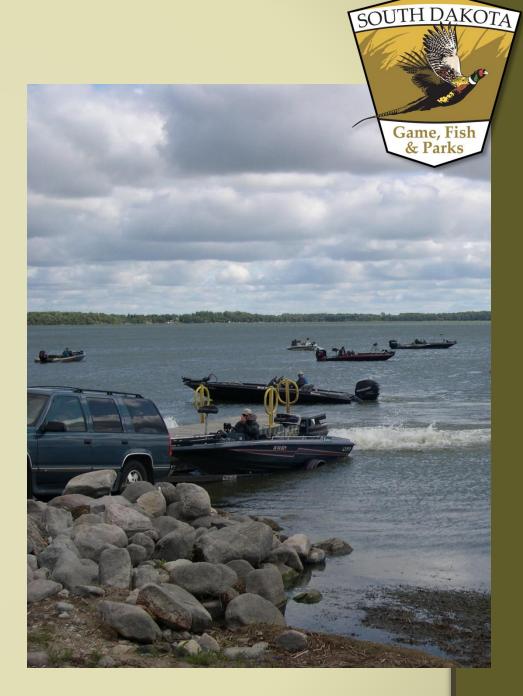
Duerre v. Hepler 2017

Foundation of Decisions:

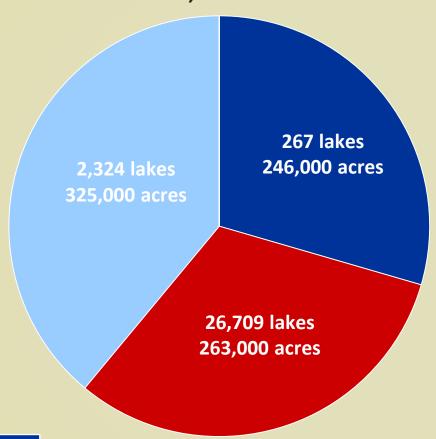
 The legislature has not yet said that the public has a right to enter or use this State's non-meandered waters for recreational purposes.

Court Holdings

- Neither the public nor the landowners have a superior right to use the water and ice over the landowners private property.
- GFP may not facilitate access to water over landowner's private property.



Natural Lakes in South Dakota 29,300 lakes 834,000 acres



29% Meandered lakes

Non-meandered lakes
40 acres or less

Non-meandered lakes larger than 40 acres

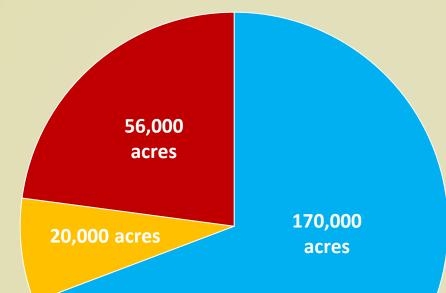
Not included:

487,000 acres of water in Missouri River, Orman Dam, Angostora, and Shadehill Reservoirs



Meandered Lakes

267 lakes246,000 acres

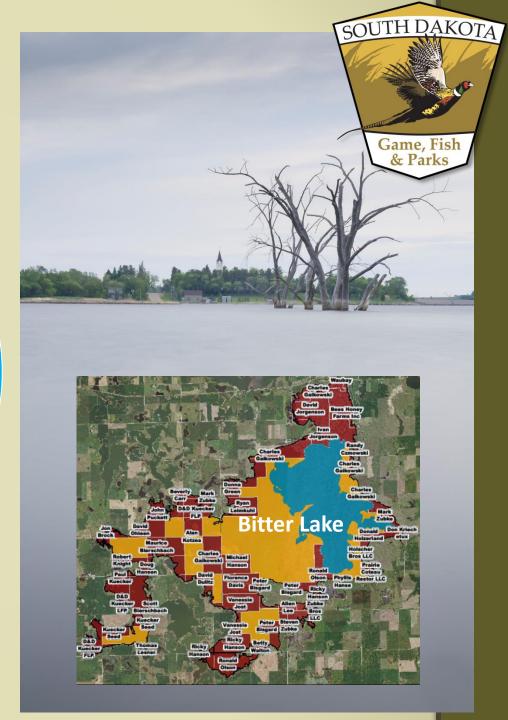


69% Meandered

8% Public deeded

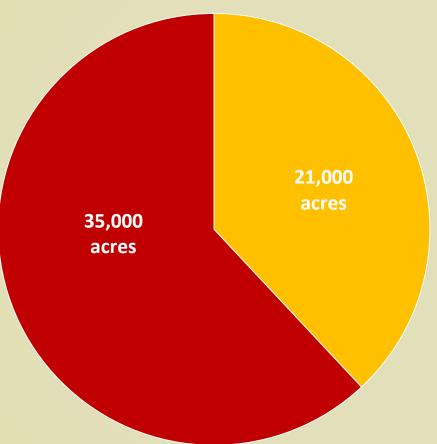
23% Private deeded

Note: currently, 115 of these 267 meandered lakes do not provide any fishing opportunity



Non-meandered Lakes with Fishing

91 lakes **56,000** acres



38% Public deeded

62% Private deeded

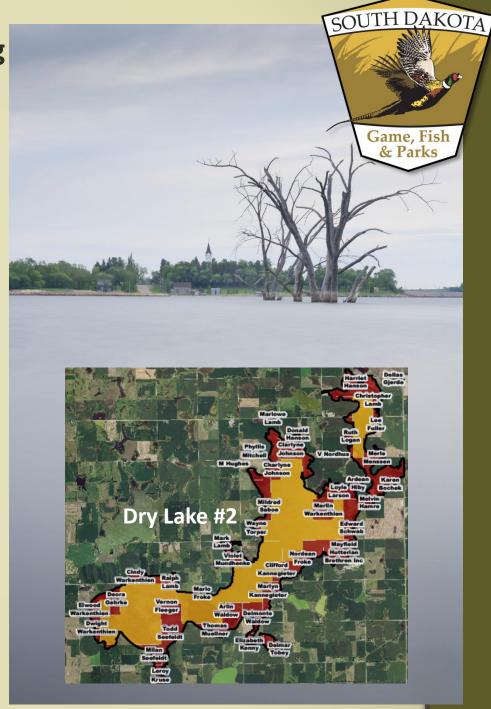
 Size (ac)
 #
 acres

 6-40
 7
 150

 41-80
 5
 400

 81-160
 13
 1,400

 160+
 67
 54,000



South Dakota Supreme Court

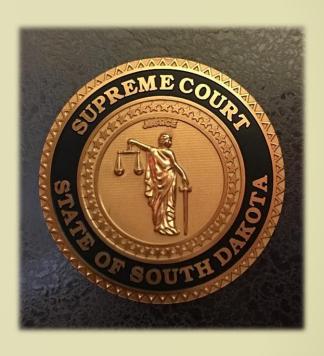
Parks v. Cooper – 2004

"However, it is up to the legislature to decide how these waters are to be beneficially used in the public interest."

Duerre v. Hepler – 2017

"Ultimately, until the legislature acts, neither the Landowners nor the general public have an 'obligation [i.e. a right] existing in [their] favor' that is superior and enforceable by injunction under SDCL 21-8-14."







Questions?